CE 2797 IVD

Instruction For Use

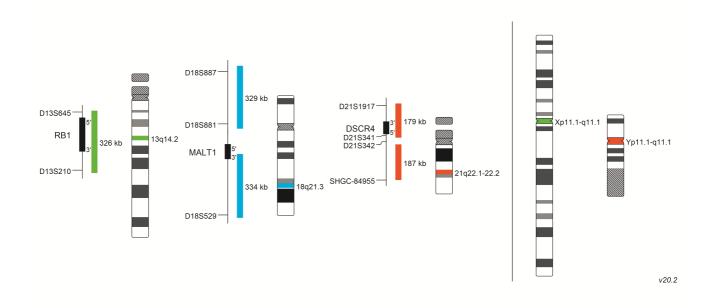
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Product	Label	Reference No.	UDI-DI	Pack Size
XA AneuScore II	orange/green/blue	D-5609-100-TC	04251315813410	2x 100 µl



XA 13/18/21 (D-5607-100-TC)

XA X/Y (D-5608-100-OG)

Intended Purpose

The XA 13/18/21 enumeration probe is a qualitative, non-automated test for the detection of copy number variations of chromosome 13, chromosome 18 and chromosome 21 by fluorescence in situ hybridization (FISH). The XA X/Y enumeration probe is a qualitative, non-automated test for the detection of copy number variations of chromosome X and chromosome Y by fluorescence in situ hybridization (FISH). The products are intended for prenatal testing of pregnancies at risk for copy number variations of chromosomes X and chromosome Y and trisomy 13, trisomy 18 and trisomy 21 on methanol/acetic-acid fixed uncultured amniocytes.

Product Description

The XA AneuScore II contains different probe mixes provided in separate test vials.

XA 13/18/21 (D-5607-100-TC)

The XA 13/18/21 enumeration probe consists of a green-labeled probe hybridizing to the RB1 gene region at 13q14.2, an aqua-labeled probe hybridizing to the MALT1 gene region at 18q21.3 and an orange-labeled probe hybridizing to the DSCR4 gene region at 21q22.1-22.2.

XA X/Y (D-5608-100-OG)

The XA X/Y enumeration probe consists of a green-labeled probe hybridizing to the centromere of the X-chromosome and an orangelabeled probe hybridizing to the centromere of the Y-chromosome.

Known Cross-Reactivity

No known cross-hybridizations.

Materials Provided

100 μ I (10 tests) each of XA 13/18/21 and XA X/Y, the probes are dissolved in hybridization solution (> 50 % v/v formamide, < 30 % w/v dextran sulfate and < 2x SSC (saline-sodium citrate)) and ready to use.

Limitations

Analysis, data interpretation, and reporting of diagnostic findings received by FISH should be performed in accordance with professional norms and relevant guidelines by qualified and experienced personnel. The product is not intended for use as a stand-alone diagnostic, disease screening, or as a companion diagnostic. A diagnostic investigation obtained by this product is therefore always made in conjunction with other diagnostic methods. Deviations from the manufacturer's protocols may affect the robustness and performance of the test and may result in misleading findings. Probe maps are created in accordance with the intended purpose of the product. Solid colored bars do not necessarily mean that the probe completely covers the indicated genomic region. Only gaps larger than 10 kb are shown. Therefore, caution is advised when interpreting results generated through off-label use. Further information is available on request.

As a German based IVD manufacturer and distributor, MetaSystems Probes follows current European and German regulations, which prohibit any statement regarding interpretation of patient-related data, as well as diagnostic and therapeutic recommendations, respectively.

Storage and Handling

Probes should be stored in the dark at -20 °C (±5 °C). Probe performance has been shown to be unaffected for up to 20 freeze-thaw cycles. Probes are light sensitive, therefore, exposure to light should be limited to a minimum during handling.

Shipping

Products produced by MetaSystems Probes are shipped at room temperature.

Equipment and Materials Necessary but not Supplied

- Water bath with accurate
- temperature control
- Hotplate, with solid plate and accurate temperature control
- Micro-pipettes with volumes ranging from 1 µl to 1 ml, calibrated
- pH meter, calibrated
- Freezer -20 °C (±5 °C)
- Humidified chamber 37 °C (± 1 °C)
- Fluorescence microscope with suitable filters (see below)
- Immersion oil, recommended by the microscope manufacturer (fluorescence grade)

- Thermometer
- DAPI/antifade
- Rubber cement
- Microscope slides
- Coverslips (glass):
 22 mm x 22 mm and
 24 mm x 32 mm
- Gloves
- Coplin jars
- Forceps
- 20x SSC
- Tween-20
- Distilled water
- Microcentrifuge
- Timer

Fluorochrome Specification

Label	Excitation max.	Emission max.
Blue (aqua)	426 nm	480 nm
Green	505 nm	530 nm
Orange	552 nm	576 nm

Fluorescence Microscope Recommendation

- Fluorescence Illumination: Suitable metal halide or LED fluorescence illumination systems or conventional 100 watt mercury lamp illuminators.
- Objectives suitable for epi-fluorescent illumination.
- Fluorescence Filters: For viewing/counting use an appropriate multi bandpass filter set. For capturing images or observing individual color channels on the microscope, use suitable single bandpass filter sets for the respective fluorochromes (e.g., from MetaSystems).

Test Principle

Fluorescence in situ hybridization (FISH) uses DNA fragments in which fluorophore-coupled nucleotides are incorporated to detect complementary DNA sequences in fixed cells under a fluorescence microscope. The DNA of the selected probes and the patient DNA are denatured, meaning that the two DNA strands of the double helix are separated. During subsequent renaturation, the DNA probes hybridize to complementary sequences of the patient DNA.

Sample Preparation

General Comments

The product is designed for use as specified in the intended purpose. Methanol/acetic acid fixed amniocytes are prepared from amniotic fluid. Details on standard procedures can be found in laboratory manuals and publications (e.g., The AGT Cytogenetics Laboratory Manual, 4th Edition and Schwartz (2015) Curr Protoc Hum Genet 85:8.9.1-8.9.16).

Stability of Hybridized Slides

- Hybridized FISH slides can be analyzed for at least six months if stored in the dark at -20 $^{\circ}C$ (±5 $^{\circ}C).$

Additional Process Recommendations

- The use of a calibrated thermometer is strongly recommended for measuring temperatures of solutions, water baths, and incubators, as these temperatures are critical for optimal product performance.
- Carefully check the temperature of preheated solutions.
- Carefully check the pH value of all solutions. It must be in the range of 7.0 7.5 at room temperature.
- Concentrations of buffers (stringency), pH and temperature are important because low stringency can lead to non-specific binding of the probe and too high stringency can lead to reduced signal intensity or vanished signals.
- Before opening: spin briefly to collect probe at the bottom of the tube.

FISH Protocol for MetaSystems' DNA Probes

Slide Preparation

- 1.Drop cell sample onto microscope slide. Allow to air dry. If the slides are not used within the next couple of days, store at -20 °C (±5 °C).
- 2. Apply 10 µl of probe.
- 3. Cover with coverslip 22 mm x 22 mm.
- 4.Seal with rubber cement.

Denaturation

1. Denature sample and probe simultaneously by heating slide on a hotplate at 75 °C (\pm 1 °C) for 2 min.

Hybridization

1. Incubate in a humidified chamber at 37 °C (±1 °C) overnight.

Post-Hybridization Washes

Solutions Required

- 0.4x SSC (pH 7.0 7.5) at 72 °C (±1 °C)
- 2x SSC, 0.05 % Tween-20 (pH 7.0) at room temperature

Procedure

- 1.Remove coverslip and all traces of glue carefully.
- 2. Wash slide in 0.4x SSC (pH 7.0) at 72 °C (±1 °C) for 2 min.
- 3. Drain slide and wash in 2x SSC, 0.05 % Tween-20 (pH 7.0) at room temperature for 30 seconds.
- 4. Rinse briefly in distilled water to avoid crystal formation and let air dry.

Counterstain

- Solutions required:
 - DAPI/antifade (e.g., MetaSystems Probes DAPI/antifade, D-0902-500-DA)

Procedure:

- 1.Apply 10 μl of the DAPl/antifade and overlay with a 24 mm x 32 mm coverslip.
- 2. Allow the penetration of DAPI/antifade for 10 min.
- 3. Proceed with microscopy and analysis.
- 4. Store slides at –20 °C (±5 °C).

Expected Results (XA 13/18/21, D-5607-100-TC)

Only the most frequent signal constellations are shown, other relevant signal patterns may be observed.

Normal Cell:

Two green (2G), two orange (2O), and two blue (2B) signals.

Aberrant Cell: Three green (3G), two orange (2O), and two blue (2B) signals.

Aberrant Cell:

signals.

Two green (2G), three orange (3O), and two blue (2B)

Aberrant Cell: Two green (2G), two orange (2O), and three blue (3B) signals.



Analytical Performance (XA 13/18/21, D-5607-100-TC)

Analytical performance data were collected using interphase nuclei from PHA-stimulated lymphocyte cultures. Cell harvesting was performed according to cytogenetic standards. Equivalence of results between uncultured amniocytes and PHA-stimulated lymphocytes was ensured by a comparative study.

Analytical Specificity

The specificity is calculated as the percentage of correct targets detected out of the total number of targets detected.

The calculated analytical specificity is 100 % after 20 evaluated metaphases from 5 different karyotypically normal males.

Analytical Sensitivity

Analytical sensitivity is calculated as the percentage of interphase nuclei that have the expected normal signal pattern out of the total number of interphase nuclei analyzed. The signal pattern of 400 nuclei from each of 10 karyotypically normal individuals were analyzed.

The degree of deviation from the mean is represented by the relative standard deviation (% RSD).

Pattern	Sensitivity	% RSD
2G 2O 2B (normal)	99.1 %	0.7 %

Cut-Off

The cut-off for a qualitative test is the threshold above which the result is considered positive and below which the result is considered negative

The cut-off value was calculated based on probe hybridizations on interphase nuclei of 10 karyotypically normal individuals. Cut-off values are based on 400 scored nuclei each.

Pattern	Cut-Off
3G 2O 2B	1.9 %
2G 3O 2B	2.3 %
2G 2O 3B	2.6 %

The cut-off value is informative and depends on several laboratoryrelated parameters. Therefore, for diagnostic use, cut-off values have to be determined individually by each laboratory.

Precision (Reproducibility/ Repeatability)

Reproducibility is the degree of agreement between the results of analytical sensitivity studies conducted under different conditions (day, lot and sample). For each condition three analyses were performed with 100 nuclei each.

Reproducibility is given as the degree of deviation from the mean by the relative standard deviation (% RSD).

Conditions	Reproducibility % RSD
Day-to-Day same lot and same individual on three days	0.6 %
Lot-to-Lot same individual and day with three lots	0.0 %
Sample-to-Sample same lot and day with three individuals	0.6 %

Repeatability is the degree of agreement between studies conducted under same conditions. Separate repeatability studies were not performed as the degree of deviation from the mean in reproducibility studies under different conditions was determined with ≤5 % relative standard deviation (% RSD). Hence, a degree of deviation from the mean under equal conditions with ≤5 % relative standard deviation (% RSD) was concluded.

Clinical Performance (XA 13/18/21, D-5607-100-TC)

Published Experience Gained by Routine Diagnostic Testing Data from routine diagnostic testing were obtained from European diagnostic laboratories and published on the MetaSystems Probes website (see respective performance data sheet in the corresponding download section for this specific product). The presence of the target marker in positive cases and the absence in negative cases detected by FISH was confirmed by reference technologies (chromosome banding analysis). The test cohort includes pregnancies at risk for trisomy 13, trisomy 18 and trisomy 21. Specimens were obtained from uncultured amniocytes.

Rearrangement	No. of Cases	Diagnostic Sensitivity	Diagnostic Specificity
Copy number variations of chromosome 13	933	100 %	100 %
Copy number variations of chromosome 18	876	100 %	100 %
Copy number variations of chromosome 21	933	100 %	100 %

Other Sources of Clinical Performance Data

Evaluation of the diagnostic validation data collected as part of the IVDD and classified as other sources of clinical performance data shows that XA 13/18/21 correctly identified all 18 aberrant cases analyzed.

Expected Results (XA X/Y, D-5608-100-OG)

Only the most frequent signal constellations are shown, other relevant signal patterns may be observed.

Normal Cell (female): Two green (2G) signals.



Normal Cell (male): One green (1G) and one orange (1O) signal.

Aberrant Cell (female): One green (1G) signal.

Aberrant Cell (male): Two green (2G) and one orange (1O) signal.

Aberrant Cell (male): One green (1G) and two orange (2O) signals.

Aberrant Cell (female): Three green (3G) signals.

Analytical Performance (XA X/Y, D-5608-100-OG)

Analytical performance data were collected using interphase nuclei from PHA-stimulated lymphocyte cultures. Cell harvesting was performed according to cytogenetic standards. Equivalence of results between uncultured amniocytes and PHA-stimulated lymphocytes was ensured by a comparative study.

Analytical Specificity

The specificity is calculated as the percentage of correct targets detected out of the total number of targets detected.

The calculated analytical specificity is 100 % after 40 evaluated metaphases from 5 different karyotypically normal males.

Analytical Sensitivity

Analytical sensitivity is calculated as the percentage of interphase nuclei that have the expected normal signal pattern out of the total number of interphase nuclei analyzed. The signal pattern of 400 nuclei from each of 20 karyotypically normal individuals were analyzed.

The degree of deviation from the mean is represented by the relative standard deviation (% RSD).

Pattern	Sensitivity	% RSD
2G or 1G 1O (normal)	96.7 %	1.5 %

Cut-Off

The cut-off for a qualitative test is the threshold above which the result is considered positive and below which the result is considered negative.

The cut-off value was calculated based on probe hybridizations on interphase nuclei of 10 karyotypically normal individuals for each sex. Cut-off values are based on 400 scored nuclei each.

Pattern (male cells)	Cut-Off
1G	2.9 %
2G 10	6.0 %
1G 20	2.6 %

Pattern (female cells)	Cut-Off
1G	5.7 %
3G	4.5 %

The cut-off value is informative and depends on several laboratoryrelated parameters. Therefore, for diagnostic use, cut-off values have to be determined individually by each laboratory.

Precision (Reproducibility/ Repeatability)

Reproducibility is the degree of agreement between the results of analytical sensitivity studies conducted under different conditions (day, lot and sample). For each condition three analyses were performed with 100 nuclei each.

Reproducibility is given as the degree of deviation from the mean by the relative standard deviation (% RSD).

Conditions	Reproducibility % RSD
Day-to-Day same lot and same individual on three days	1.1 %
Lot-to-Lot same individual and day with three lots	2.4 %
Sample-to-Sample same lot and day with three individuals	1.6 %

Repeatability is the degree of agreement between studies conducted under same conditions. Separate repeatability studies were not performed as the degree of deviation from the mean in reproducibility studies under different conditions was determined with \leq 5 % relative standard deviation (% RSD). Hence, a degree of deviation from the mean under equal conditions with \leq 5 % relative standard deviation (% RSD) was concluded.

Clinical Performance (XA X/Y, D-5608-100-OG)

Published Experience Gained by Routine Diagnostic Testing Data from routine diagnostic testing were obtained from European diagnostic laboratories and published on the MetaSystems Probes website (see respective performance data sheet in the corresponding download section for this specific product). The presence of the target marker in positive cases and the absence in negative cases detected by FISH was confirmed by reference technologies (chromosome banding analysis). The test cohort includes pregnancies at risk for copy number variations of chromosomes X and Y. Specimens were obtained from uncultured amniocytes.

Rearrangement	No. of	Diagnostic	Diagnostic
	Cases	Sensitivity	Specificity
Copy number variations of chromosome X and chromosome Y	933	100 %	100 %

Other Sources of Clinical Performance Data

Evaluation of the diagnostic validation data collected as part of the IVDD and classified as other sources of clinical performance data shows that XA X/Y correctly identified all 5 aberrant cases analyzed.

Quality Control Procedure

Before initial use of this product in diagnostics, it should be verified that it performs as expected. Guidance and recommendations for implementation of new FISH tests in diagnostics must be considered (e.g., CLSI Fluorescence In Situ Hybridization Methods for Clinical Laboratories; Approved Guideline – Second Edition).

Safety Instructions

All probes produced by MetaSystems Probes are for professional use only and should be used by qualified and trained personnel. To ensure safe operation and reproducible results please observe the safety notices and caution signs below.

	DANGER
Contains:	Formamide
Hazard statements:	H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precaution statements:	 P201 Obtain special instructions before use. P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing. P308+ P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. P501 Dispose of contents/container to in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Special labeling:	Restricted to professional users.
	CAUTION: Hot water bath and hot plates!
	For denaturation and hybridization hot water baths and hot plates are used with temperatures of >37 °C. Be careful not to get in direct contact with hot surfaces or liquids. Wear gloves and a lab coat. In case of contact with skin, cool immediately with cold water.
	ATTENTION: Good Laboratory Practice!
	Use in accordance with the principles of good laboratory practice.

Adverse Event Reporting

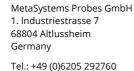
Any serious incident that has occurred in relation to the device shall be reported to the manufacturer and the competent authority of the Member state in which the user and/or the patient is established.

Troubleshooting

der out of the light path.
path.
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5.
antifade. Use 24 mm x 32 mm region is hybridized.
croscope. Adjust the UV light of the UV lamp.
Do not mix different immersion ole for fluorescence. focusing. Do not use too much e (24 mm x 32 mm coverslip) are
an two weeks. If the slides are store at -20 °C (±5 °C)
tion may inhibit the mmended. erature up to 80 °C or increase
oass filter.
ncentration.
een 7.0 and 7.5 of solutions. e very sensitive to pH below 7.
v

Customer Support

Please contact MetaSystems Probes GmbH (contact details see below) or our authorized distributor in your country.



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For Summary of Safety and Performance visit website https://ec.europa.eu/tools/eudamed/#/screen/home or inquire at info@metasystems-probes.com.

Symbols Used

Symbol	Description
IVD	Indicates a <i>medical device</i> that is intended to be used as an in vitro diagnostic <i>medical device</i> .
CE	Conformity mark that indicates that a device is in conformity with the applicable regulatory requirements in the European Union.
	Indicates the medical device manufacturer.
\triangle	Indicates that caution is necessary when operating the device or control close to where the <i>symbol</i> is placed, or that the current situation needs operator awareness or operator action in order to avoid undesirable consequences.
Ĩ	Indicates the need for the user to consult the <i>instructions for use</i> .

Document Revision

Revision	Issue Date	Indication for Change
CE-IVD-XA-RevA231124-231130v20.2		Updated IFU according to REGULATION (EU) 2017/746 on in vitro diagnostic medical devices. The update does not affect device characteristics directly and does not have impact on the composition or ingredients of our products. It does also not influence the way our products are applied, but triggers changes to the information provided with the product as labels, intended purpose and instructions for use.